Requirements for Boards (Transitional Statement, in effect until 1 January 2026)

A board's primary objectives¹ in governing a school are to ensure:

- Every student is able to attain their highest possible standard in educational achievement
- The school:
 - o Is physically and emotionally safe
 - Gives effect to relevant student rights
 - Takes all reasonable steps to eliminate racism, stigma, bullying and any other forms of discrimination within the school
- The school is inclusive of, and caters for, students with differing needs, and
- The school gives effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi, including by
 - Working to ensure that its plans, policies, and local curriculum reflect local tikanga Māori, mātauranga Māori, and te ao Māori; and
 - Taking all reasonable steps to make instruction available in tikanga Māori and te reo Māori; and
 - o Achieving equitable outcomes for Māori students.

To meet its primary objectives, a board must have particular regard to the <u>National Education and Learning Priorities (NELP)</u> ²and ensure the school's principal and staff develop and implement a curriculum for students in years 1-13³:

- That is guided by the Vision set out on page 8
- That is underpinned by the Principles set out on page 9
- In which the Values set out on page 10 are encouraged and modelled and explored by students
- That supports students to develop the five Key Competencies set out on pages 12-13
- That provides all students with effectively taught learning and teaching programmes in the learning areas listed below.
 - o English, as specified on page 18
 - o the Arts as specified on pages 20-21
 - Health and Physical Education, as specified on pages 22-23. Also, at least once every 2
 years, after consulting the school community, the board must adopt a statement on the
 delivery of the health curriculum⁴
 - o Mathematics and Statistics, as specified on page 26
 - Science, as specified on pages 29-29
 - Technology, as specified at https://nzcurriculum.tki.org.nz/The-New-Zealand-Curriculum/Technology; and
 - Social Sciences including Aotearoa New Zealand histories, as specified at https://nzcurriculum.tki.org.nz/The-New-Zealand-Curriculum/Social-sciences/.

Changes have been made to how boards plan and report their performance (Education and Training Act 2020, ss 138-146). These changes came into effect on 1 January 2023. The broad aims of the changes are to ensure boards are focused on meeting their primary objectives, giving effect to Te Tiriti o Waitangi, and having particular regard to the NELP.

Each boards must:

- Have
 - a strategic plan, for each 3-year period, that sets out the boards strategy for achieving (or making progress towards achieving) its objectives for the period; and
 - an annual implementation plan for each year that sets out how the board intends to implement that strategy during the year
- Ensure the school's principal and staff monitors and evaluate the performance of the school's students in relation to, at least, the curriculum and any qualifications system offered at the school
- Ensure information about a student's performance is given to the student and a parent in a timely
 manner (at least twice a year) and in a form that is readily understandable (written in plain
 language). Information about the student's performance must be across the curriculum, and in
 literacy and mathematics, and based on good quality assessment information; and
- Report to the Secretary of Education, to its school community, and to parents on the performance of the school's students

(Regulations will be made in 2023 to which will provide more specificity about strategic and annual planning and reporting should be done).

¹ Education and Training Act 2020, Section 127 (1)

² Education and Training Act 2020, Section 127 (2a)

³ Education and Training Act 2020, Section 164 and Gazette Notices GN2009-go8817, GN2009-go8814, GN2017-go6474 and GN2022-go4492

⁴⁴ Education and Training Act 2020, section 91

Developing and delivering a high-quality local curriculum is at the heart of board planning for their school. In their first strategic plans, boards will need to be planning for successful implementation of the refreshed national curriculum.

Further Guidance

When designing and reviewing their curriculum, schools select achievement objectives from each learning area in response to the identified interests and learning needs of their students. For learning in digital technologies, schools need to provide teaching and learning opportunities in line with the progress outcomes from the technology learning area. For learning in Aotearoa New Zealand's Histories (part of Social Sciences), schools need to provide teaching and learning opportunities that weave together what students need to Understand Know and Do and support progression in line with progress outcomes.

All schools with students in years 7-10 should be working towards offering students opportunities for learning a second or subsequent language. Teaching programmes should be based on the learning languages statement found on pages 24-25 and the achievement objectives for this learning area. Teaching programmes for students in years 11-13 should be based, in the first instance, on the appropriate national curriculum statements.

Transition to refreshed national curriculum

As described at <u>Changes to The New Zealand Curriculum | Curriculum Refresh (education.govt.nz)</u>, the New Zealand Curriculum is being progressively refreshed until 2025. The social sciences learning area is the first learning area to be refreshed as part of the wider refresh and incudes the new Aotearoa New Zealand's histories (ANZH) content. While the new ANZH content must be taught in schools from 1 January 2023 there is no requirement for schools to implement the remainder of the refreshed Social Science curriculum until the beginning of 2026.

As the New Zealand Curriculum is refreshed, all eight Learning Areas will be progressively released along with resources to support understanding and implementation. Like the remainder of the Social Sciences learning area, there will be no requirement to implement the refreshed curriculum and Learning Areas until the beginning of 2026. However, it is critical for boards, principals, teachers and schools to become familiar with the content, to plan for how they will implement the new curriculum areas and to begin to implement them as they are ready. The level of change requires a planned approach over time rather than leaving it until "later".